## NFPA 1033: 2022 Edition, Chapter 4 Fire Investigator

Below please find what has been previously approved by the Committee on Accreditation (COA) for this level of certification. This example does not take into consideration "Document Review", "Portfolio", or "Other testing methods."

If your agency selects completing their online Assessment Methodology Matrix (AMM) utilizing these test methods, our Technical Analysts may place your application under a COA meeting consent agenda bypassing the usual COA review.

The spaces identified below with an "X" must be replaced with the appropriate cognitive test item numbers (e.g. Questions 1,4,6,7,9, etc.) or the score sheet numbers under Product, Psychomotor/Process methods as score sheet numbers (e.g.- SS 101, 202, and 304, etc.).

	<b>Knowledge-Based Assessments</b>		Performance-Based Assessments		
	(graded after su	ıbmission)	(graded in real-time as they are performed)		
	Cognitive	Product	Psychomotor	Process	
Section	(e.g. Multiple Choice, Short Answer, Discretionary Time with Resources)	(e.g., document or develop a budget, proposal, lesson plan)	(Primarily an observable physical task. e.g., don, doff)	(Primarily a mental or verbalized task. e.g., inspect)	
that unauthorize	4.2.1 Secure the fire ground, given marking devices, sufficient personnel, and special tools and equipment, so that unauthorized persons can recognize the perimeters of the investigative scene and are kept from restricted areas and all evidence or potential evidence is protected from damage or destruction.				
4.2.1			X		
	site Knowledge. Fire groun ce preservation, and issues 1		dence, and the importanc	e of fire scene	
4.2.1 (A)	X				
4.2.1(B) Requi	site Skills. Use of marking	devices.			
4.2.1 (B)			X		
4.2.2 Conduct an exterior survey, given standard equipment and tools, so that evidence is identified and preserved, fire damage is interpreted and analyzed, hazards are identified to avoid injuries, accessibility to the property is determined, and all potential means of ingress and egress are discovered.					
4.2.2			X		
	site Knowledge. The types of evidence commonly four				

fire suppression materials.	, fire behavior and spread, f	ire patterns, and a basi	c awareness of the danger	s of hazardous
4.2.2 (A)	X			
	site Skills. Ability to assesse, and interpret and analyze	-	tural condition, observe th	ne damage from and
4.2.2 (B)			X	
value requiring	an interior survey, given star further examination are ider hazards are identified in or	ntified and preserved, t		
4.2.3			X	
those materials, patterns, effects	isite Knowledge. The types the effects of fire suppressi- of building contents on fire eather conditions at the time	on, fire behavior and s growth, the relationsh	pread, evidence preservat ip of building contents to	ion methods, fire
4.2.3 (A)	X			
discover the imp	site Skills. Ability to assess bact of fire suppression efforesence and/or absence of co	rts on fire flow and hea	-	
4.2.3 (B)			X	
remains, so that involved, the sta the relationship	and analyze fire patterns, giv each pattern is identified ar age of fire development, the with all patterns observed, a patterns identified and anal	nd analyzed with respect effects of ventilation v and the understanding of	ct to the burning character within the context of the s of the methods of heat tra	ristics of the material cene, nsfer that led to the
4.2.4			X	
	Knowledge-Based	Assessments	Performance-Base	ed Assessments
	(graded after su	ubmission)	(graded in real-time as	they are performed)
	Cognitive	Product	Psychomotor	Process
Section	(e.g. Multiple Choice, Short Answer, Discretionary Time with Resources)	(e.g., document or develop a budget, proposal, lesson plan)	(Primarily an observable physical task. e.g., don, doff)	(Primarily a mental or verbalized task. e.g., inspect)

compartment fir	e development; the interrela	mics, including stages of fire development; methods of heat transfer; ationship of heat release rate (HRR), form, and ignitibility of tilation on the creation of the fire patterns.
4.2.4 (A)	X	
	site Skills. Ability to interp e effects of ventilation on di	oret and analyze the effects of burning characteristics of the fuel fferent types of materials.
4.2.4 (B)		X
remains, so that sequential patter effects indicatin	fire development, fire sprea m analysis) are determined; g a hypothetical area or area re eliminated; and all fire pa	ven standard equipment and tools and some structural or content ad, and the sequence in which fire patterns were developed (i.e., methods and effects of suppression are analyzed; fire patterns and as of origin are recognized and tested; false or refuted hypothetical atterns are tested against the data, such that the area(s) of origin is
4.2.5		X
compartment fir	-	opment and spread based on fire chemistry, fire dynamics including fire suppression effects, building construction, electricity and
4.2.5 (A)	X	
given to HRR, f	orm, ignitibility of the fuels	ze variations of fire patterns on different materials with consideration involved, and the effects of ventilation; ability to understand the n pattern creation; and ability to analyze and correlate information.
4.2.5 (B)		X
patterns and fire of origin is chec	effects concealed by debris	en standard or, if necessary, special equipment and tools, so that fire s are discovered and analyzed; all debris within the potential area(s) potential ignition source(s) is identified; and evidence is preserved ntamination.
4.2.6		X
and ease of ignit the debris search	tion of fuels; debris-layering a; types of fire cause eviden	erstanding of ignition processes, characteristics of ignition sources, g techniques; use of tools, equipment, and special equipment during ce commonly found; understanding evidence spoliation and ion and preservation methods and documentation.
4.2.6 (A)	X	
· · · ·	• •	by search techniques that further the discovery of fire cause evidence that incorporate documentation, and collect and preserve evidence.

4.2.6 (B)			Χ	
4.2.7 Reconstruct potential area(s) of origin, given standard and, if needed, special equipment and tools as well as sufficient personnel, so that all protected areas and fire patterns are identified and correlated to contents or structural remains; and items potentially critical to cause determination are returned to their prefire location as a means of hypothesis testing, such that the area(s) or point(s) of origin is discovered.				
4.2.7			X	

4.2.7(A) Requisite Knowledge. The effects of fire on different types of material and the importance and uses of reconstruction.

4.2.7 (A)	X			
	Knowledge-Based	Assessments	Performance-Base	ed Assessments
	(graded after submission)		(graded in real-time as they are performed)	
	Cognitive	Product	Psychomotor	Process
Section	(e.g. Multiple Choice, Short Answer, Discretionary Time with Resources)	(e.g., document or develop a budget, proposal, lesson plan)	(Primarily an observable physical task. e.g., don, doff)	· · ·

4.2.7(B) Requisite Skills. Ability to examine all materials to determine the effects of fire, identify and distinguish among different types of fire-damaged contents, and return materials to their original position using protected areas and fire patterns.

X

4.2.7	$(\mathbf{P})$
7.2.1	$(\mathbf{D})$
<b>T</b> • <b>Z</b> •• /	$(\mathbf{D})$

4.2.8 Inspect and analyze the performance of building systems, including fire protection, detection and suppression systems, HVAC, electricity and electrical systems, fuel gas systems, and building compartmentation, given standard and special equipment and tools, so that a determination can be made as to the need for expert resources; an operating system's impact on fire growth and spread is considered in identifying origin areas; defeated and failed systems are identified; and the system's potential as a fire cause is recognized.

4.2.8		X	

4.2.8(A) Requisite Knowledge. Different types of fire protection, detection, suppression, HVAC, electricity and electrical systems, fuel gas systems, and building compartmentation such as fire walls and fire doors; types of expert resources for building systems; the impact of fire on various systems; common methods used to defeat a system's functional capability; and types of failures.

4.2.8 (A)

Χ

4.2.8(B) Requisite Skills. Ability to determine the system's operation and its effect on the fire; identify alterations to, and failure indicators of, building systems; and evaluate the impact of suppression efforts on building systems.

	Phically document the scene e photographs support scene	-		e.g., inspect) e scene is accurately
	Discretionary Time with	1 0 1		
Section	(e.g. Multiple Choice, Short Answer,	(e.g., document or develop a budget,	(Primarily an observable physical task. e.g., don,	(Primarily a mental or verbalized task.
	Cognitive	Product	Psychomotor	Process
	(graded after su	ubmission)	(graded in real-time as t	they are performed)
	Knowledge-Based	Assessments	Performance-Base	d Assessments
4.3.1 (B)		X	X	
4.3.1(B) Requi observational sk	isite Skills. Ability to sketcl tills.	h the scene, basic draft	ing skills, and evidence re	ecognition and
4.3.1 (A)	X			
	isite Knowledge. Commonl atterns that need to be docun			gram, types of
4.3.1		X	X	
	the scene, given standard to ent contents, significant pat			
4.2.9 (B)			X	
	isite Skills. Ability to identi guish between low- and hig			
4.2.9 (A)	X			
· · · •	isite Knowledge. Different ce between low- and high-o	• •	d their causes, characteris	tics of an explosion,
4.2.9			X	
	sion is identified and its evid	• 1	amage, given standard eq	
120 Disorimin	nate the effects of explosions	from other types of d		uinmont and tools
4.2.8 (B)			X	

· · · · ·	site Knowledge. Working k available, and the strengths		olution camera and flash, the types of film, ch.
4.3.2 (A)	Х		
4.3.2(B) Requi	site Skills. Ability to use a	high-resolution camera	a, flash, and accessories.
4.3.2 (B)		X	X
reports), and inte		the notes are accurate,	locuments (e.g., prefire plans and inspection provide further documentation of the scene,
4.3.3		X	X
· · · ·	-	-	grams, and photos; how to reduce scene writing and legal proceedings.
4.3.3 (A)	X		
4.3.3(B) Requi	site Skills. Data-reduction	skills, note-taking skill	ls, and observational and correlating skills.
4.3.3 (B)		X	X
	oper procedures for managin nce is discovered and preser	0	es, given a protocol and appropriate personnel, procedures are followed.
4.4.1			X
4.4.1(A) Requi preservation me		evidence associated wi	th fire victims and fatalities and evidence
4.4.1 (A)	X		
4.4.1(B) Requi	site Skills. Observational ski	lls and the ability to app	ly protocols to given situations
4.4.1 (B)			X
equipment and e packaged, and s	evidence collection material tored for use in testing, lega	s, so that evidence is p l, or other proceedings	ce, given standard or special tools and properly identified, preserved, collected, s and examinations; ensuring cross- ems are avoided; and the chain of custody is
4.4.2		X	X

	Knowledge-Based Assessments		Performance-Based Assessments		
	(graded after su	ıbmission)	(graded in real-time as they are per		
	Cognitive	Product	Psychomotor	Process	
Section	(e.g. Multiple Choice, Short Answer, Discretionary Time with Resources)	(e.g., document or develop a budget, proposal, lesson plan)	(Primarily an observable physical task. e.g., don, doff)	(Primarily a mental or verbalized task. e.g., inspect)	
4.4.2(A) Requisite Knowledge. Types of evidence, authority requirements, and impact of removing evidentiary items on civil or criminal proceedings (exclusionary or fire-cause supportive evidence); types, capabilities, and limitations of standard and special tools used to locate evidence; types of laboratory tests available; packaging techniques and materials; and impact of evidence collection on the investigation.					
4.4.2 (A)	X				
4.4.2(B) Requi critical to the inv	site Skills. Ability to recognize stigation.	nize different types of	evidence and determine w	hether evidence is	
4.4.2 (B)			X		
	dence for analysis, given al investigation needs.	l information from the	investigation, so that iten	ns for analysis	
4.4.3			X		
· · · · -	site Knowledge. Purposes apabilities and limitations o	-		tical services	
4.4.3 (A)	X				
4.4.3(B) Requi needs.	site Skills. Ability to evalua	ate the fire incident to o	letermine forensic, engine	eering, or laboratory	
4.4.3 (B)			X		
	a chain of custody, given st ocumentation exists for eac	•		vidence tags or logs,	
4.4.4		X	X		
4.4.4(A) Requi	site Knowledge. Disposal s	ervices available and c	common disposal procedu	res and problems.	
4.4.4 (A)	X				
4.4.4(B) Requi necessary docun	site Skills. Ability to execu nents.	te the chain of custody	procedures and accuratel	y complete	

4.4.4 (B)		X	X	
-	of evidence, given jurisdiction conducted, and in complian			so that the disposal
4.4.5		X	X	
4.4.5(A) Requi	isite Knowledge.Disposal se	ervices available and co	ommon disposal procedur	es and problems.
4.4.5 (A)	X			
	Knowledge-Based	Assessments	Performance-Base	ed Assessments
	(graded after su	ubmission)	(graded in real-time as	they are performed)
	Cognitive	Product	Psychomotor	Process
Section	(e.g. Multiple Choice, Short Answer, Discretionary Time with Resources)	(e.g., document or develop a budget, proposal, lesson plan)	(Primarily an observable physical task. e.g., don, doff)	(Primarily a mental or verbalized task. e.g., inspect)
4.4.5(B) Requi	isite Skills. Documentation	skills.		
4.4.5 (B)		X	X	
further determin	an interview plan, given no the the fire cause and affix re interviewed that promotes t	sponsibility and includ	les a relevant questioning	
4.5.1		X		
or the affixing o	isite Knowledge. Persons w of responsibility, types of qu sponders, neighbors, witnes ring.	estions that are pertine	ent and efficient to ask of	different information
4.5.1 (A)	X			
· · · ·	isite Skills. Planning skills, do ta to help develop questions a			uals, and evaluation
4.5.1 (B)		X	X	
	interviews, given incident in ked, responses to all question	-		-

4.5.2		X	X	
4.5.2(A) Requi	site Knowledge. Types of i	nterviews, report evalu	ation methods, and data c	correlation methods.
4.5.2 (A)	X			
• • •	site Skills. Ability to adjus nd nonverbal communication	e e		
4.5.2 (B)			X	
interview data is	interview information, give s individually analyzed and ocumented, and new leads a	correlated with all othe		
4.5.3		X	X	
4.5.3(A) Requi	site Knowledge.Types of ir	nterviews, report evalua	ation methods, and data c	orrelation methods.
4.5.3 (A)	X			
	site Skills. Data correlatior other witnesses).	n skills and the ability t	to evaluate source information	ation (e.g., first
4.5.3 (B)			X	
	Knowledge-Based	Assessments	Performance-Base	d Assessments
	(graded after su	ıbmission)	(graded in real-time as	they are performed)
	Cognitive	Product	Psychomotor	Process
Section	(e.g. Multiple Choice, Short Answer, Discretionary Time with Resources)	(e.g., document or develop a budget, proposal, lesson plan)	(Primarily an observable physical task. e.g., don, doff)	(Primarily a mental or verbalized task. e.g., inspect)
documents are a	ports and records, given no pplicable to the investigation dmissible in a legal proceed	on, complete, and author		
4.6.1		X	X	
4.6.1(A) Requi	site Knowledge. Types of	reports needed that fac	ilitate determining respon	sibility for the fire

(e.g., police reports, fire reports, insurance policies, financial records, deeds, private investigator reports, outside photos, and videos) and location of these reports.

4.6.1 (A)	X						
4.6.1(B) Requisite Skills. Ability to identify the reports and documents necessary for the investigation, implement the chain of custody, and organizational skills.							
4.6.1 (B)		X	Χ				
4.6.2 Evaluate the investigative file, given all available file information, so that areas for further investigation are identified, the relationship between gathered documents and information is interpreted, and corroborative evidence and information discrepancies are discovered.							
4.6.2		X					
4.6.2(A) Requisite Knowledge. File assessment and/or evaluation methods, including accurate documentation practices, and requisite investigative elements.							
4.6.2 (A)	X						
4.6.2(B) Requisite Skills. Information assessment, correlation, and organizational skills.							
4.6.2 (B)		X	Χ				
4.6.3 Coordinate expert resources, given the investigative file, reports, and documents, so that the expert's competencies are matched to the specific investigation needs, financial expenditures are justified, and utilization clearly furthers the investigative goals of determining cause or affixing responsibility.							
4.6.3		X					
4.6.3(A) Requisite Knowledge. How to assess one's own expertise, qualification to be called for expert testimony, types of expert resources (e.g., forensic, CPA, polygraph, financial, human behavior disorders, and engineering), and methods to identify expert resources.							
4.6.3 (A)	X						
4.6.3(B) Requisite Skills. Ability to apply expert resources to further the investigation by networking with other investigators to identify experts, questioning experts relative to their qualifications, and developing a utilization plan for use of expert resources.							
4.6.3 (B)		X					
4.6.4 Establish evidence as to motive and/or opportunity, given an incendiary fire, so that the evidence is supported by documentation and meets the evidentiary requirements of the jurisdiction.							
4.6.4		X	Χ				

	<b>Knowledge-Based Assessments</b>		Performance-Based Assessments				
	(graded after submission)		(graded in real-time as they are performed)				
	Cognitive	Product	Psychomotor	Process			
Section	(e.g. Multiple Choice, Short Answer, Discretionary Time with Resources)	(e.g., document or develop a budget, proposal, lesson plan)	(Primarily an observable physical task. e.g., don, doff)	(Primarily a mental or verbalized task. e.g., inspect)			
4.6.4(A) Requisite Knowledge. Types of motives common to incendiary fires, methods used to discover opportunity, and human behavioral patterns relative to fire-setting.							
4.6.4 (A)	X						
4.6.4(B) Requisite Skills. Financial analysis, records gathering and analysis, interviewing, and interpreting and analyzing fire scene information and evidence for relationship to motive and/or opportunity.							
4.6.4 (B)			X				
4.6.5 Formulate an opinion concerning origin, cause, or responsibility for the fire, given all investigative findings, so that the opinion regarding origin, cause, or responsibility for a fire is supported by the data, facts, records, reports, documents, scientific references, and evidence.							
4.6.5			X				
4.6.5(A) Requisite Knowledge. Analytical methods and procedures (e.g., hypothesis development and testing, systems analysis, time lines, link analysis, fault tree analysis, and data reduction matrixing).							
4.6.5 (A)	X						
4.6.5(B) Requi	site Skills. Analytical and	assimilation skills.					
4.6.5 (B)			X				
4.7.1 Prepare a written report, given investigative findings, so that the report accurately reflects the facts, data, and scientific principles on which the investigator relied; clearly identifies and expresses the investigator's opinions and conclusions; and contains the reasoning by which each opinion or conclusion was reached in order to meet the requirements of the intended audience(s).							
4.7.1		X					
4.7.1(A) Requisite Knowledge. Elements of writing, typical components of a written report, and types of audiences and their respective needs or requirements.							
4.7.1 (A)	X						
4.7.1(B) Requisite Skills. Writing skills, ability to analyze information, and determine the reader's needs or requirements.							

4.7.1 (B)		X					
specific audienc	investigative findings verba e, so that the information is includes only need-to-knov	accurate, the presentat	tion is completed within t				
4.7.2			X				
· · · · •	isite Knowledge. Types of the impact of releasing infor		the informational needs o	of various types of			
4.7.2 (A)	X						
	Knowledge-Based Assessments		Performance-Based Assessments				
	(graded after su	ubmission)	(graded in real-time as they are performed				
	Cognitive	Product	Psychomotor	Process			
Section	(e.g. Multiple Choice, Short Answer, Discretionary Time with Resources)	(e.g., document or develop a budget, proposal, lesson plan)	(Primarily an observable physical task. e.g., don, doff)	(Primarily a mental or verbalized task. e.g., inspect)			
4.7.2(B) Requi findings.	site Skills. Communication	n skills and ability to d	etermine audience needs	and correlate			
4.7.2 (B)			X				
4.7.3 Testify during legal proceedings, given investigative findings, so that the testimony accurately reflects the facts, data, and scientific principles on which the investigator relied; clearly identifies and expresses the investigator's opinions and conclusions; and contains the reasoning by which each opinion or conclusion was reached.							
4.7.3			X				
4.7.3(A) Requisite Knowledge. Types of investigative findings, types of legal proceedings, professional demeanor requirements, and an understanding of due process and legal proceedings.							
4.7.3 (A)	X						
4.7.3(B) Requisite Skills. Communication and listening skills and ability to differentiate facts from opinion and determine accepted procedures, practices, and etiquette during legal proceedings.							
4.7.3 (B)			X				